

[This question paper contains 4 printed pages.]

Your Roll No. 2022

Sr. No. of Question Paper : 2792

A

Unique Paper Code : 62354443

Name of the Paper : Analysis (LOCF)

Name of the Course : B.A. (Prog.)

Semester : IV

Duration : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 75

Instructions for Candidates

1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
2. All questions are compulsory.
3. Attempt any two parts from each question.
4. All questions carry equal marks.

1. (a) Find the supremum and infimum of the following sets, if they exist

$$(i) E = \left\{ 1 + \frac{(-1)^n}{n} : n \in \mathbb{N} \right\}$$

$$(ii) F = \left\{ 2, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \dots, \frac{n+1}{n}, \dots \right\}$$

- (b) State Sequential criterion of continuity.

Define $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ by $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{when } x \text{ is rational} \\ 0, & \text{when } x \text{ is irrational} \end{cases}$.

Show that f is discontinuous on \mathbb{R} .

- (c) Give an example of a non-empty bounded subset S of \mathbb{R} whose supremum and infimum both belong to $\mathbb{R} \setminus S$.
- (d) Test for convergence the series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\sqrt{n^4 + 1} - \sqrt{n^4 - 1} \right)$$

2. (a) Show that $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{e^{1/x} - e^{-1/x}}{e^{1/x} + e^{-1/x}}, & x \neq 0 \\ 1, & x = 0 \end{cases}$

is discontinuous at $x = 0$

- (b) State Archimedean Property of real numbers. Use it to prove that if $t > 0$, there exists $n_t \in \mathbb{N}$ such that $0 < 1/n_t < t$.
- (c) Show that the function $f(x) = x^2$ is uniformly continuous on $]-2, 2[$.
- (d) Prove that if

$$a_n = \frac{1}{n} \{(n+1)(n+2)\dots(n+n)\}^{1/n}$$

then $\langle a_n \rangle$ converges to $\frac{4}{e}$.

3. (a) Prove that every Cauchy sequence is bounded but converse need not be true.

(b) Prove that the series

$$\frac{1}{1.2.3} + \frac{3}{2.3.4} + \frac{5}{3.4.5} + \dots \text{ converges.}$$

(c) Show that the sequence $\langle s_n \rangle$ where $S_n = \frac{1}{1!} + \frac{1}{2!} + \frac{1}{3!} + \dots + \frac{1}{n!}$ is convergent.

(d) Show that $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1+3+5+\dots+(2n-1)}{n^2} = 1$.

4 (a) Show that the series $1+r+r^2+r^3+\dots$ ($r > 0$) converges if $r < 1$ and divergence if $r \geq 1$.

(b) Show that the sequence $\langle a_n \rangle$ where $a_n = 1 + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \dots + \frac{1}{3^{n-1}}$ converges.
Find $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n$?

(c) Test for convergence the series

$$\frac{x}{2\sqrt{3}} + \frac{x^2}{3\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{4\sqrt{5}} + \dots (x > 0)$$

(d) Show that the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}\right)^{-n^{3/2}}$ is convergent.

5 (a) Define Alternating series of real numbers. Test for the convergence and absolute convergence of the series.

$$1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \dots$$

(b) Prove that every continuous function is integrable.

- (c) Define a conditionally convergent series. Test for the convergence and absolute convergence of the series.

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{n+2}{2^n + 5}$$

- (d) Test for convergence the series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1.3.5 \dots (2n-1)}{2.4.6 \dots 2n} \cdot \frac{1}{n}$$

- 6 (a) Define Riemann integrability of a bounded function f on a bounded closed interval $[a, b]$. Show that the function f defined on $[a, b]$ as

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{when } x \text{ is rational} \\ 1, & \text{when } x \text{ is irrational} \end{cases}$$

is not Riemann integrable.

- (b) Test for convergence the series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n \cos n\alpha}{\sqrt{n^3}}, \quad \alpha \text{ being real.}$$

- (c) Integrate the function $f(x) = x[x]$ on $[0, 4]$, where $[x]$ denotes the greatest integer not greater than x .

- (d) Show that the sequence $\langle a_n \rangle$ defined as $a_n = 1 + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{11} + \dots + \frac{1}{5n-4}$ is not a Cauchy sequence.

Deshbandnu College Library
Kalkaji, New Delhi-19